

## Inflation Match-Up

**Directions** Match the words in Column 1 with their meanings in Column 2.  
Write the letter on the line.

### Column 1

- \_\_\_\_\_ **1.** inflation
- \_\_\_\_\_ **2.** deflation
- \_\_\_\_\_ **3.** cost-push inflation
- \_\_\_\_\_ **4.** demand-pull inflation
- \_\_\_\_\_ **5.** inflationary cycle
- \_\_\_\_\_ **6.** consumer price index (CPI)
- \_\_\_\_\_ **7.** producer price index (PPI)
- \_\_\_\_\_ **8.** fixed income
- \_\_\_\_\_ **9.** adjustment for inflation
- \_\_\_\_\_ **10.** interest rates
- \_\_\_\_\_ **11.** savings and investments
- \_\_\_\_\_ **12.** Great Depression

### Column 2

- a.** prices rise due to high demand and limited supply
- b.** measure of how much prices for goods and services bought by producers are changing
- c.** pattern of rising prices and higher wages
- d.** buying power of money goes down
- e.** rates charged to borrow money, which rise with inflation
- f.** was a long period of deflation
- g.** prices rise due to higher cost of resources
- h.** their value is lowered by inflation
- i.** prices drop, but people have less money to buy goods
- j.** amount added to income because of inflation
- k.** an income that does not change, regardless of inflation
- l.** measure of how much the prices of necessary items are changing