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|      |      |        | Chapter 6              |

## Chapter 6 Mastery Test A, continued

**Part C** Match the words in Column 1 with their meanings in Column 2. Write the letter on the line.

| Column 1                 | Column 2  |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>12.</b> shortage      | <b>a.</b> sellers supply more goods than buyers are willing to purchase |
| <b>13.</b> price ceiling | <b>b.</b> more goods are needed than the producer is willing to sell    |
| <b>14.</b> price floor   | <b>c.</b> a maximum price set by the government                         |
| <b>15.</b> surplus       | <b>d.</b> a minimum price set by the government                         |
| <b>16.</b> minimum wage  | <b>e.</b> an example of a minimum price                                 |
|                          |   |

Part D Write the answers to these questions. Use complete sentences.

## **17.** What is relative worth?

- **18.** What are two forms of market failure?
- **19.** When price is a rationing device, what is the effect on poor people?
- **20.** How does price provide workers with incentives?
- **21.** What is an example of a negative externality?
- **22.** What pays for public goods?
- **23.** Prices treat everyone the same way. How does this work as a rationing device?
- **24.** How are black markets used?
- **25.** How are the equilibrium price and the equilibrium point related?

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